

Prevention of functional decline and frailty for older people

A European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing priority

WHAT IS FRAILTY?



- Frailty is a syndrome related to the ageing process that describes the state of "limited functional reserve" or "failure to integrate responses in the face of stress"
- Frailty is a **social care** and **healthcare challenge** across the EU
- Frailty is associated with increased risk of:



PHYSICAL DECLINE Limitation of physical functions such as staying upright, maintaining balance and walking, leading to disability



FUNCTIONAL DECLINE Inability to engage in activities necessary or desirable in daily life, leading to dependency



COGNITIVE DECLINE Worsening of cerebral abilities, leading to delirium, loss of memory and problems with language thinking and judgment

The more vulnerable an individual is, the higher the risk of falls, immobility or disability, institutionalisation and death

FRAILTY NEEDS TO BE ADDRESSED FROM DIFFERENT ANGLES



THE SOCIAL PERSPECTIVE

A better social and urban approach is needed to prevent older frail people from experiencing loneliness and isolation



Further work is needed to advance our understanding



THE CLINICAL PERSPECTIVE

Much can be done to prevent problems associated with old age or to help people live well with them, to retain their independence and keep them out of hospital

FRAILTY IS ABOUT PEOPLE LIKE...

VERY SEVERELY FRAIL

BEFORE

practiced sport regularly until her mid 50s after retiring used to baby-sit







NOW

Wendy, 85 years old

João, 74 years old

María, 83 years old

months ago and is completely dependent on her - short-term **memory impaired**

- moved in with her daughter 2

- needs support from physician
- and community nurse approaching end of her life

SEVERELY FRAIL



- used to walk his dog 3 times

- was a construction worker

- has had different health problems in the last 10 years
- in the last years was **admitted in hospital twice** for acute asthma and knee surgery

worked as a secretary until the age of 60

avid lover of crosswords

every day

walked to work for 30min



- lives with his 65 year-old
- dependent on personal care stable in the last few
- months with regular medication





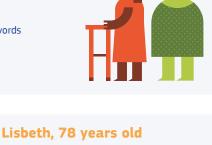








- **family** after getting married 50 years ago
- had 2 cats



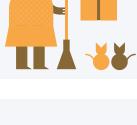
- has **no diagnosed diseases** and takes no medication

- lives with her 55 year-old

- lost weight unintentionally in the last 6 months after
- recovering from pneumonia - her daughter assists her with dressing, daily tasks and meals

- daughter and grandchildren visit once a month





has lived alone since her husband passed away 8 years ago

was a university teacher

until retirement 3 years ago



- forgets recent events and **needs help** with managing finances and medication
- feels tired and can no longer prepare her meals - family doctor and community nurses follow her up closely

and hearing

has **difficulties** in daily life

prepares his meals, walks.

baths and dresses on his own

because of impaired vision





few months with no major consequences

has lived alone since his wife passed away a year ago has fallen twice in the last

The European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing (EIP on AHA) supports public



- takes medication for cardiovascular disease



AWARENESS AND INFORMATION

and private actors across the EU to contribute to prevent frailty through:

to adapt to the challenges of an ageing society

frailty and ageing? ✔ What is the relationship between frailty

RESEARCH

and chronic diseases? ✔ What are the determinants of frailty? How can we identify frailty's core components

✔ What is the role of physical activity

to advance our understanding on:

✓ What is the difference between

campaigns on frailty for policy-makers, health and care professionals and

and improving frailty conditions?

and adequate nutrition in preventing

(cognitive decline, functional decline)?



including a multidisciplinary approach

INNOVATIVE ORGANISATION

TRAINING AND CV/SKILLS UPDATE FOR HEALTHCARE

PROFESSIONALS

OF SERVICES

on the basis of patient health profile

and needs (e.g. screening, early

assessment of risk factors,

stratification methods)

IDENTIFYING THOSE

AT MOST RISK

Diana, 75 years old

THE OUTCOME OF THESE INTERVENTIONS WOULD BE INCREASING THE NUMBER OF PEOPLE LIKE...



half-marathon

- takes care of the garden and house - takes his medication for hypertension

- lives with his wife, is robust and motivated

exercises and is planning to run in a charity

Stefania, 69 years old



- every afternoon takes care of the house and her brother
- doctor check-ups swims regularly and takes long walks



- cinema with her friends
- has diabetes and follows her diet

The European Innovation Partnership on Active and Healthy Ageing (EIP on AHA)